

COMPUTER GRAPHICS I

ASSIGNMENT 11

GROUP III (YAVOR KALOYANOV)

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11.1 Extended Bresenham

Line from (x_0, y_0) to (x_1, y_1) with slope in $]0, 1[$ (slope at 0 or 1 is trivial).
Here is some pseudo-code:

```

a = y1 - y0;
b = x1 - x0;

x = x0;
y = y0;
d = 2a - b;

while (2x <= x0 + x1)
{
    setpixel(x, y);
    setpixel(x1 - x + x0, y1 - y + y0);
    if (d <= 0)
        d += 2a;
    else
    {
        d += 2a - 2b;
        y++;
    }
    x++;
}

```

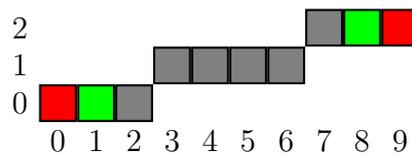


Figure 1: Sample visualisation of the Bresenham algorithm for lines, here shown from $(0,0)$ to $(9,2)$. The line is being constructed in a 'mirrored' manner.

11.2 Bresenham for Parabola

Here is some pseudo-code:

```
x = 0;
y = 2;
d = -0.5 / 1.2;

while (x != b)
{
    setpixel(x, y);
    if (d <= 0)
        d += 1/6 * x + 1/12;
    else
    {
        d += 1/6 * x + 1/12 - 1;
        y++;
    }
    x++;
}
```

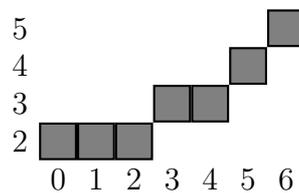


Figure 2: Visualisation of the Bresenham algorithm for the parabola from (0,2) to (6,5).