



## Introduction to Computational Logic, SS 2006: Solution for assignment 12

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### Exercise 12.1 (Boolean Quantifiers)

$$\forall f = f0 \wedge f1$$

$$\forall f \leftrightarrow f0 \wedge f1$$

Eq

By  $D\leftrightarrow$ , And it suffices to show the implication in each direction separately.

$$\rightarrow: \forall f \rightarrow f0 \wedge f1$$

$$\forall f \wedge f0 \wedge f1 \rightarrow f0 \wedge f1$$

$\forall I, GR$

1

Taut

$$\leftarrow: f0 \wedge f1 \rightarrow \forall f$$

$$f0 \wedge f1 \rightarrow fx$$

Pull  $\rightarrow$ , Gen $\forall$

$$f0 \wedge f1 \rightarrow f0$$

$$f0 \wedge f1 \rightarrow f1$$

BCA (on  $x$ )

1

1

Taut

### Exercise 12.2 (Cantor)

$$\overline{\exists f \forall g \exists x \forall h. h(fx) \leftrightarrow hg}$$

$$\forall f \exists g \forall x \exists h. h(fx) \leftrightarrow \overline{hg}$$

dM, Taut

$$\forall x. \exists h. h(fx) \leftrightarrow \overline{h(\lambda x. \overline{fxx})}$$

Gen $\forall$ , Gen $\exists$  ( $g := \lambda x. \overline{fxx}$ )

$$(\lambda g. gx)(fx) \leftrightarrow \overline{(\lambda g. gx)(\lambda x. \overline{fxx})}$$

Gen $\forall$ , Gen $\exists$  ( $h := \lambda g. gx$ )

$$fxx \leftrightarrow \overline{\overline{fxx}}$$

$\beta$

1

Taut

### Exercise 12.3 (Strange)

a)  $\forall_{((S \rightarrow B) \rightarrow B) \rightarrow T \rightarrow B} f. \forall_T (f \forall_S)$

b) We show  $\overline{\forall f. \forall (f \forall)} = 1$  with a backward proof.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \overline{\forall f. \forall (f \forall)} \\
 \overline{\exists f. \forall (f \forall)} \quad \text{dM} \\
 \overline{\forall ((\lambda g x. 0) \forall)} \quad \text{Gen}\exists (f := \lambda g x. 0) \\
 \overline{\forall (\lambda x. 0)} \quad \beta \\
 \overline{\forall (\lambda x. 0) \wedge (\lambda x. 0) 0} \quad \forall I, \text{GR} \\
 \overline{\forall (\lambda x. 0) \wedge 0} \quad \beta \\
 1 \quad \text{Taut}
 \end{array}$$

Here is an alternative conversion proof for  $QL \vdash \forall f. \forall (f \forall) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \forall f. \forall (f \forall) \\
 = \forall f. \forall (f \forall) \wedge (\lambda f. \forall (f \forall)) (\lambda x y. 0) \quad \forall I, \text{GR} \\
 = \forall f. \forall (f \forall) \wedge \forall (\lambda y. 0) \quad \beta(2x) \\
 = \forall f. \forall (f \forall) \wedge \forall (\lambda y. 0) \wedge (\lambda y. 0) 0 \quad \forall I, \text{GR} \\
 = \forall f. \forall (f \forall) \wedge \forall (\lambda y. 0) \wedge 0 \quad \beta \\
 = 0 \quad \text{Taut}
 \end{array}$$

### Exercise 12.4 (Tricky)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \exists x. f x y \rightarrow f z x \\
 (\forall x. f x y) \rightarrow (\exists x. f z x) \quad \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\
 \exists x \exists x'. f x y \rightarrow f z x' \quad \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\
 f z y \rightarrow f z y \quad \text{Gen}\exists (x := z, x' := y) \\
 1 \quad \text{Taut}
 \end{array}$$

Here is an alternative conversion proof.

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \exists x.fxy \rightarrow fzx \\
&= \exists x.\overline{fxy} \vee fzx && \text{Taut} \\
&= (\exists x.\overline{fxy}) \vee (\exists x.fzx) && \exists\vee' \\
&= (\exists x.\overline{fxy}) \vee (\lambda x.\overline{fxy})z \vee (\exists x.fzx) \vee (\lambda x.fzx)y = && \exists I, \text{GR } (2x) \\
&= (\exists x.\overline{fxy}) \vee \overline{fzy} \vee (\exists x.fzx) \vee fzy && \beta (2x) \\
&= 1 && \text{Taut}
\end{aligned}$$

**Exercise 12.5 (Challenge)**

$$\begin{aligned}
&\exists g\forall x\exists h.h(fx) \wedge \overline{hg} \\
&\exists h.h(fx) \wedge \overline{h(\lambda x.fxx)} && \text{Gen}\exists, \text{Gen}\forall \\
&\exists h.h(fx) \wedge \overline{h(\lambda x.fxx)} \vee \exists h.h(fx) \wedge \overline{h(\lambda x.fxx)} && \text{Taut} \\
&\exists h_1\exists h_2.h_1(fx) \wedge \overline{h_1(\lambda x.fxx)} \vee h_2(fx) \wedge \overline{h_2(\lambda x.fxx)} && \exists\vee \\
&>fxx \wedge \overline{fxx} \vee \overline{fxx} \wedge \overline{\overline{fxx}} && \text{Gen}\exists, \beta \\
&1 && \text{Taut}
\end{aligned}$$

The used instances of Gen $\exists$  are  $g := \lambda x.\overline{fxx}$   
 $h_1 := \lambda g.gx$   
 $h_2 := \lambda g.\overline{gx}$

Alternatively, you can reduce the proof to Exercise 12.2.

$$\begin{aligned}
&\exists g\forall x\exists h.h(fx) \wedge \overline{hg} \\
&\exists g\forall x\exists h.\overline{h(fx)} \rightarrow hg && \text{Taut} \\
&\exists g\forall x\overline{\forall h.h(fx)} \rightarrow hg && \text{dM} \\
&\exists g\forall x\overline{\forall h.h(fx)} \leftrightarrow hg && \text{Ex. 12.7} \\
&\exists g\forall x\exists h.h(fx) \leftrightarrow \overline{hg} && \text{dM, Taut}
\end{aligned}$$

**Exercise 12.6 (Boolean Choice)**

a)  $g$  is a choice function for  $\mathbb{B}$  if and only if  $g(\lambda x.x) = 1$  and  $g(\neg) = 0$ . There exist 4 different functions with this property.

b)

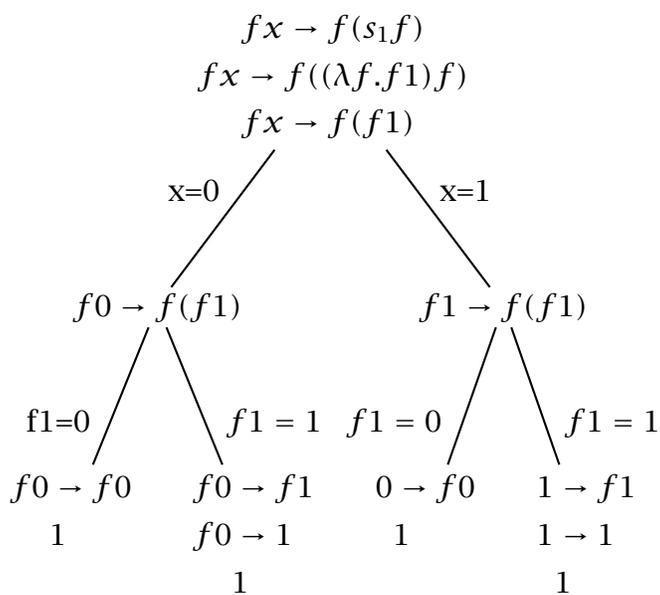
$$s_1 = \lambda f.f1$$

$$s_2 = \lambda f.\overline{f0}$$

$$s_3 = \lambda f.f1 \vee \overline{f0}$$

$$s_4 = \lambda f.f1 \wedge \overline{f0}$$

c)



d)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \exists f = f(Cf) & D\exists \\
 = f((\lambda f.f1)f) & \text{choose } s_1 \text{ as } C \\
 = f(f1) & \beta
 \end{array}$$

### Exercise 12.7 (Definition of Identities)

a)

$$(\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \leftrightarrow (\forall f.fx \leftrightarrow fy)$$

By Taut and And we reduce  $\leftrightarrow$  to  $\leftarrow$  and  $\rightarrow$

$$\begin{array}{l} \leftarrow: (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \leftarrow (\forall f.fx \leftrightarrow fy) \\ (\forall f.fx \leftrightarrow fy) \rightarrow (fx \rightarrow fy) \quad \text{Pull } \rightarrow, \text{Gen}\forall \\ \exists f'.(f'x \leftrightarrow f'y) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fy \quad \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\ (fx \leftrightarrow fy) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fy \quad \text{Gen}\exists(f' := f) \\ 1 \quad \text{Taut} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow: (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (\forall f.fx \leftrightarrow fy) \\ (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (fx \leftrightarrow fy) \quad \text{Gen}\forall \\ \text{Here we again consider 2 cases:} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (fx \rightarrow fy) \\ (fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fy \quad \text{Pull } \rightarrow, \text{Gen}\exists \\ 1 \quad \text{Taut} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (fy \rightarrow fx) \\ (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow \overline{fx} \rightarrow \overline{fy} \quad \text{Taut} \\ \exists f'.(f'x \rightarrow f'y) \rightarrow \overline{fx} \rightarrow \overline{fy} \quad \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\ (\overline{fx} \rightarrow \overline{fy}) \rightarrow \overline{fx} \rightarrow \overline{fy} \quad \text{Gen}\exists(f' = \lambda x.\overline{fx}), \beta \\ 1 \quad \text{Taut} \end{array}$$

There also exists an elegant conversion proof.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \forall f. fx \rightarrow fy \\
 = & \forall f(\forall f. fx \rightarrow fy) && \forall E \\
 = & \forall f(\forall f. fx \rightarrow fy) \wedge (\overline{fx} \rightarrow \overline{fy}) && \forall I(f := \lambda x. \overline{fx}), \text{GR}, \beta \\
 = & (\forall f. fx \rightarrow fy) \wedge (\forall f. \overline{fx} \rightarrow \overline{fy}) && \forall \wedge \\
 = & (\forall f. fx \rightarrow fy) \wedge (\forall f. fy \rightarrow fx) && \text{Taut} \\
 = & \forall f.(fx \rightarrow fy) \wedge (fy \rightarrow fx) && \forall \wedge' \\
 = & \forall f. fx \leftrightarrow fy && \text{Taut}
 \end{aligned}$$

b) The equation gives you another, more intuitive characterization of identity:

$$x \doteq y = \forall f. fx \leftrightarrow fy$$

With this characterization the symmetrie of  $\leftrightarrow$  generalizes to  $\doteq$ .

### Exercise 12.8 (Duality)

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \doteq y & \leftrightarrow \exists f. fx \neq fy \\
 \overline{x \doteq y} & \leftrightarrow \exists f. fx \neq fy && D \neq \\
 \overline{y \doteq x} & \leftrightarrow \exists f. fx \neq fy && \text{Sym} \\
 \overline{\forall f. fy \rightarrow fx} & \leftrightarrow \exists f. fx \neq fy && D \doteq \\
 (\exists f. fx \neq fy) & \leftrightarrow \exists f. fx \neq fy && \text{dM} \\
 1 & && \text{Taut}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Exercise 12.9 (Identity Laws)

a)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 x \doteq y \rightarrow y \doteq z \rightarrow x \doteq z & \\
 (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (\forall f.fy \rightarrow fz) \rightarrow (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fz) & D \doteq \\
 (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (\forall f.fy \rightarrow fz) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fz & \text{Pull } \rightarrow, \text{Gen}\forall \\
 \exists f'.(\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (f'y \rightarrow f'z) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fz & \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\
 (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (fy \rightarrow fz) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fz & \text{Gen}\exists(f' := f) \\
 \exists f'.(f'x \rightarrow f'y) \rightarrow (fy \rightarrow fz) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fz & \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\
 (fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (fy \rightarrow fz) \rightarrow fx \rightarrow fz & \text{Gen}\exists(f' := f) \\
 1 & \text{Taut}
 \end{array}$$

b)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 x \doteq y \rightarrow fx \doteq fy & \\
 (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow (\forall g.g(fx) \rightarrow g(fy)) & D \doteq \\
 (\forall f.fx \rightarrow fy) \rightarrow g(fx) \rightarrow g(fy) & \text{Pull } \rightarrow, \text{Gen}\forall \\
 \exists f'.(f'x \rightarrow f'y) \rightarrow g(fx) \rightarrow g(fy) & \text{Pull } \rightarrow \\
 (g(fx) \rightarrow g(fy)) \rightarrow g(fx) \rightarrow g(fy) & \text{Gen}\exists(f' := \lambda x.g(fx)), \beta \\
 1 & \text{Taut}
 \end{array}$$

c)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 (\forall x.s \doteq t) \rightarrow (\lambda x.s) \doteq (\lambda x.t) & \\
 (\forall x.(\lambda x.s)x \doteq (\lambda x.t)x) \rightarrow (\lambda x.s) \doteq (\lambda x.t) & \beta \\
 (\lambda x.s) \doteq (\lambda x.t) \rightarrow (\lambda x.s) \doteq (\lambda x.t) & \text{Ext} \\
 1 & \text{Taut}
 \end{array}$$

### Exercise 12.10

$\rightarrow: x \wedge y \rightarrow (\lambda f.fxy) \doteq (\lambda f.f11)$	
$x \doteq 1 \rightarrow y \doteq 1 \rightarrow (\lambda f.fxy) \doteq (\lambda f.f11)$	Taut
$x \doteq 1 \rightarrow y \doteq 1 \rightarrow (\lambda f.f11) \doteq (\lambda f.f11)$	BRep
$x \doteq 1 \rightarrow y \doteq 1 \rightarrow 1$	Ref
1	Taut
$\leftarrow: (\lambda f.fxy) \doteq (\lambda f.f11) \rightarrow x \wedge y$	
$\exists g.(g(\lambda f.fxy) \rightarrow g(\lambda f.f11)) \rightarrow x \wedge y$	$D\doteq, \text{Pull} \rightarrow$
$(\overline{x \wedge y} \rightarrow \overline{1 \wedge 1}) \rightarrow x \wedge y$	$\text{Gen}\exists(g := \lambda h.h(\lambda xy.\overline{x \wedge y}))$
1	Taut